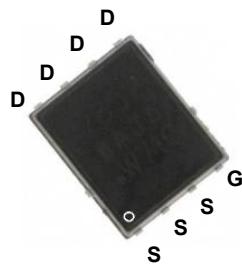
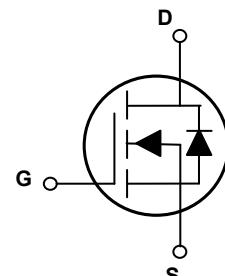


## Main Product Characteristics

BV <sub>DSS</sub>	30V
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	2.4mΩ (Max)
I <sub>D</sub>	100A



PPAK5x6



Schematic Diagram

## Features and Benefits

- Advanced MOSFET process technology
- Ideal for high efficiency switched mode power supplies
- Low on-resistance with low gate charge
- Fast switching and reverse body recovery



## Description

The GSGP2R403 utilizes the latest techniques to achieve high cell density and low on-resistance. These features make this device extremely efficient and reliable for use in high efficiency switch mode power supplies and a wide variety of other applications.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings (T<sub>A</sub>=25°C unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Max.	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub>	30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V <sub>GS</sub>	±20	V
Drain Current-Continuous, @ Steady-State (T <sub>C</sub> =25°C)	I <sub>D</sub>	100	A
Drain Current-Continuous, @ Steady-State (T <sub>C</sub> =100°C)		63	
Drain Current-Pulsed (T <sub>C</sub> =25°C) <sup>1</sup>	I <sub>DM</sub>	400	A
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy	E <sub>AS</sub>	101	mJ
Single Pulse Current	I <sub>AS</sub>	45	A
Power Dissipation (T <sub>C</sub> =25°C) <sup>2</sup>	P <sub>D</sub>	69	W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (PCB Mounted, Steady-State)	R <sub>θJA</sub>	50	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	R <sub>θJC</sub>	1.8	°C/W
Operating Junction Temperature Range	T <sub>J</sub>	-55 To +150	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 To +150	°C
Soldering Temperature (SMD)	T <sub>sold</sub>	260	°C

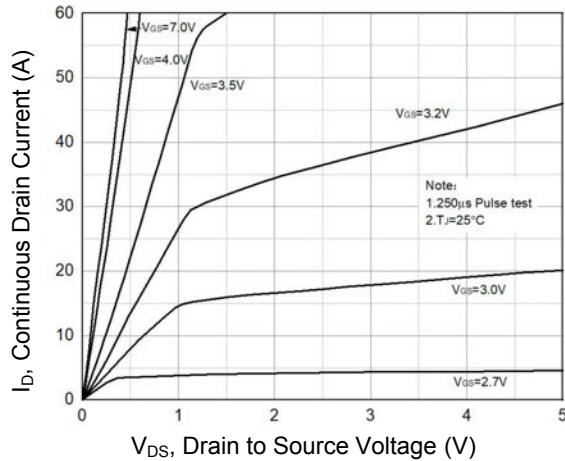
**Electrical Characteristics** ( $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
<b>On / Off Characteristics</b>						
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=250\mu\text{A}$	30	-	-	V
Drain-Source Leakage Current	$I_{\text{DSS}}$	$V_{\text{DS}}=30\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	1.0	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{\text{DS}}=30\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$	-	2.0	-	$\mu\text{A}$
Gate-Source Forward Leakage	$I_{\text{GSS}}$	$V_{\text{GS}}=\pm 20\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}$	-	-	$\pm 100$	nA
Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$R_{\text{DS}(\text{ON})}$	$V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=22.5\text{A}$	-	2.0	2.4	$\text{m}\Omega$
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$	$V_{\text{GS}}=V_{\text{DS}}, I_{\text{D}}=250\mu\text{A}$	1.0	-	2.2	V
<b>Dynamic and Switching Characteristics</b>						
Total Gate Charge <sup>3,4</sup>	$Q_g$	$V_{\text{DD}}=15\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=20\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}$	-	39	-	nC
Gate-Source Charge <sup>3,4</sup>	$Q_{\text{gs}}$		-	11	-	
Gate-Drain ("Miller") Charge <sup>3,4</sup>	$Q_{\text{gd}}$		-	3.4	-	
Gate to Plateau <sup>3,4</sup>	$V_{\text{plateau}}$		-	3.7	-	
Turn-On Delay Time <sup>3,4</sup>	$t_{\text{d}(\text{on})}$	$V_{\text{DD}}=20\text{V}, R_{\text{G}}=3.0\Omega, V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=20\text{A}$	-	10	-	nS
Rise Time <sup>3,4</sup>	$t_r$		-	63	-	
Turn-Off Delay Time <sup>3,4</sup>	$t_{\text{d}(\text{off})}$		-	45	-	
Fall Time <sup>3,4</sup>	$t_f$		-	28	-	
Input Capacitance	$C_{\text{iss}}$	$V_{\text{DS}}=15\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, F=1\text{MHz}$	-	2566	-	pF
Output Capacitance	$C_{\text{oss}}$		-	1419	-	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{\text{rss}}$		-	111	-	
Gate Resistance	$R_g$	$F=1\text{MHz}$	-	2.5	-	$\Omega$
<b>Drain-Source Diode Characteristics and Maximum Ratings</b>						
Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	$I_s$	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.	-	-	100	A
Pulsed Source Current	$I_{\text{s,pulse}}$		-	-	400	A
Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{\text{SD}}$	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, I_{\text{s}}=45\text{A}$	-	-	1.4	V
Reverse Recovery Time <sup>3</sup>	$t_{\text{rr}}$	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, V_R=30\text{V}, I_{\text{s}}=20\text{A}, \frac{di}{dt}=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	42	-	nS
Reverse Recovery Charge <sup>3</sup>	$Q_{\text{rr}}$		-	25	-	nC

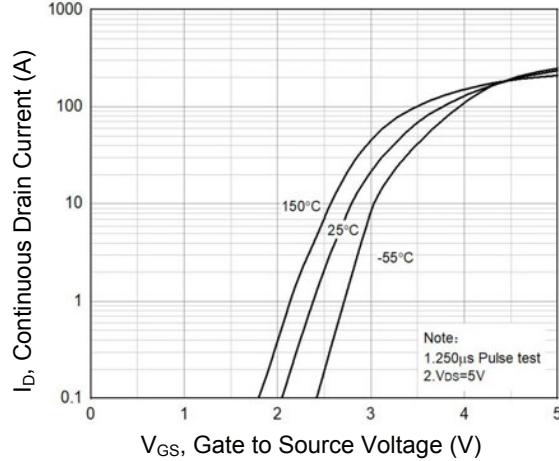
Note:

1. Pulse time of 5us, pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
2. The dissipated power value will change with the temperature. When it is greater than  $25^\circ\text{C}$ , the dissipated power value will decrease by  $0.55^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$  for every 1 degree of temperature increase.
3. Pulse test: Pulse width  $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
4. Essentially independent of operating temperature.

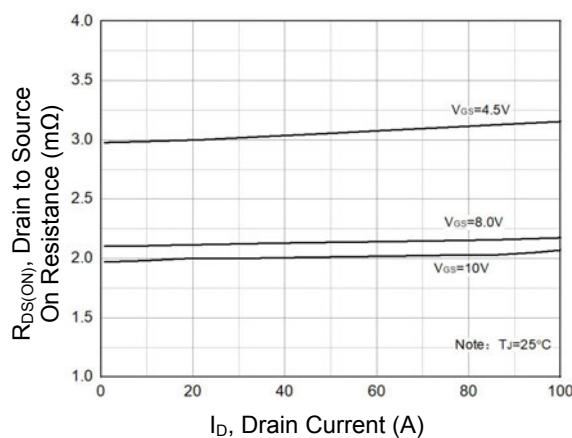
## Typical Electrical and Thermal Characteristic Curves



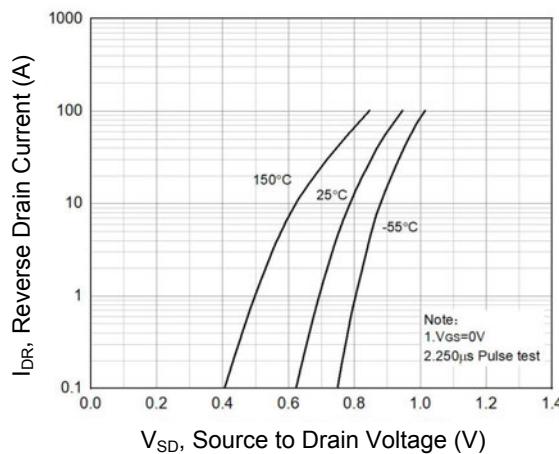
**Figure 1. Typical Output Characteristics**



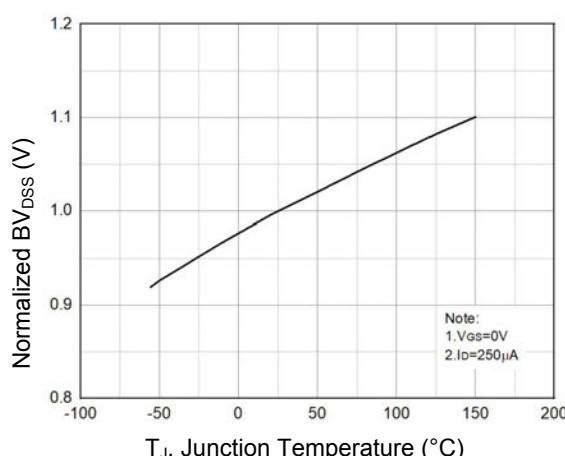
**Figure 2. Transfer Characteristics**



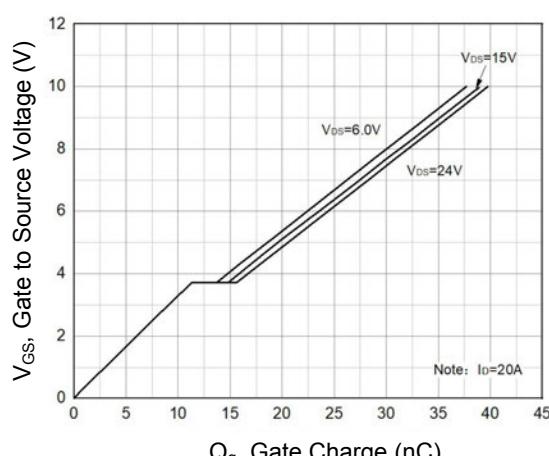
**Figure 3.  $R_{DS(ON)}$  vs. Drain Current**



**Figure 4. Body Diode Characteristics**



**Figure 5. Normalized  $BV_{DSS}$  vs.  $T_J$**



**Figure 6. Gate Charge Characteristics**

## Typical Electrical and Thermal Characteristic Curves

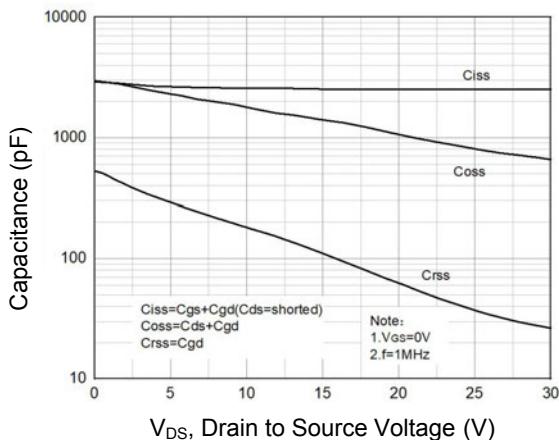


Figure 7. Capacitance Characteristics

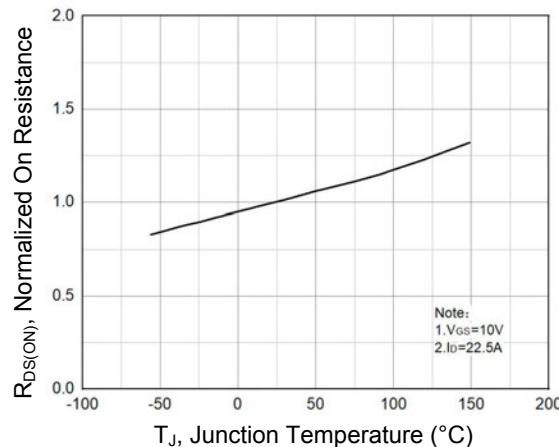


Figure 8. Normalized  $R_{DS(ON)}$  vs.  $T_J$

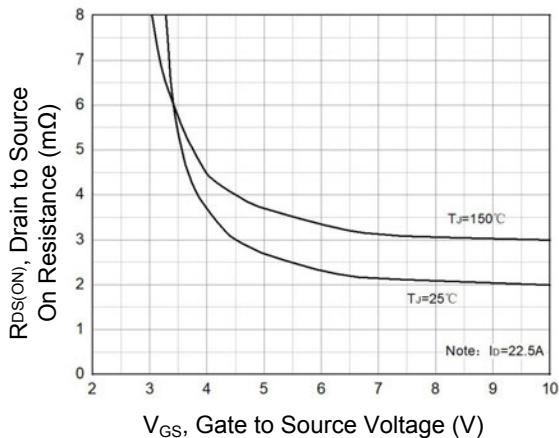


Figure 9. Normalized  $R_{DS(ON)}$  vs.  $V_{GS}$

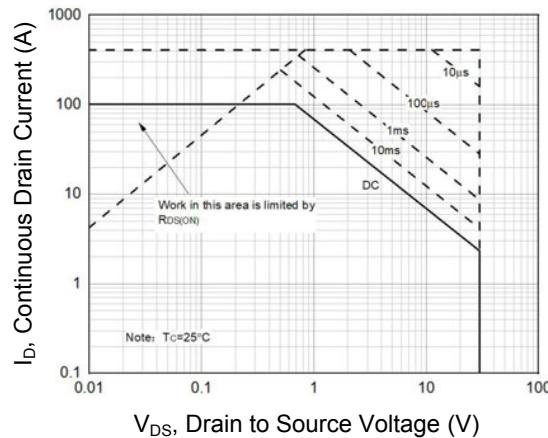


Figure 10. Maximum Safe Operation Area

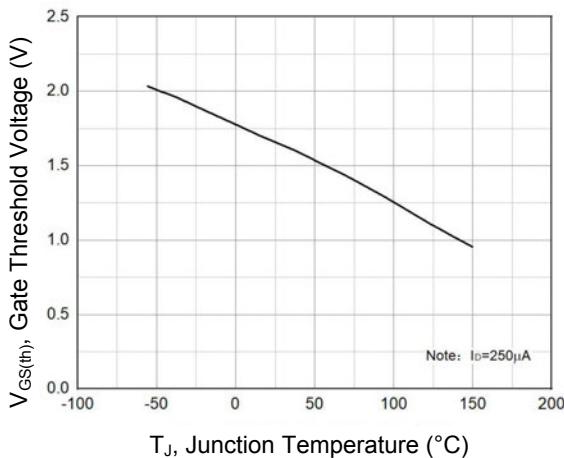


Figure 11. Gate Threshold Voltage vs.  $T_J$

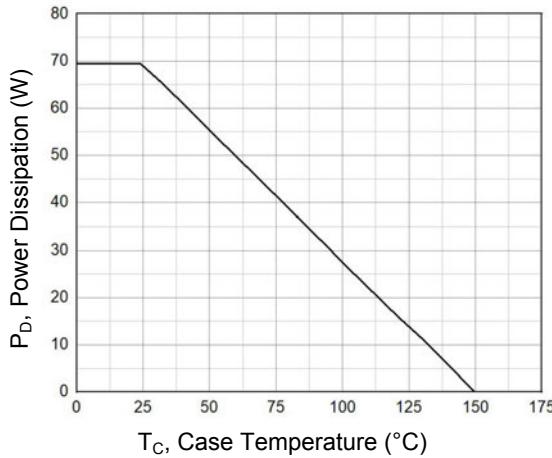
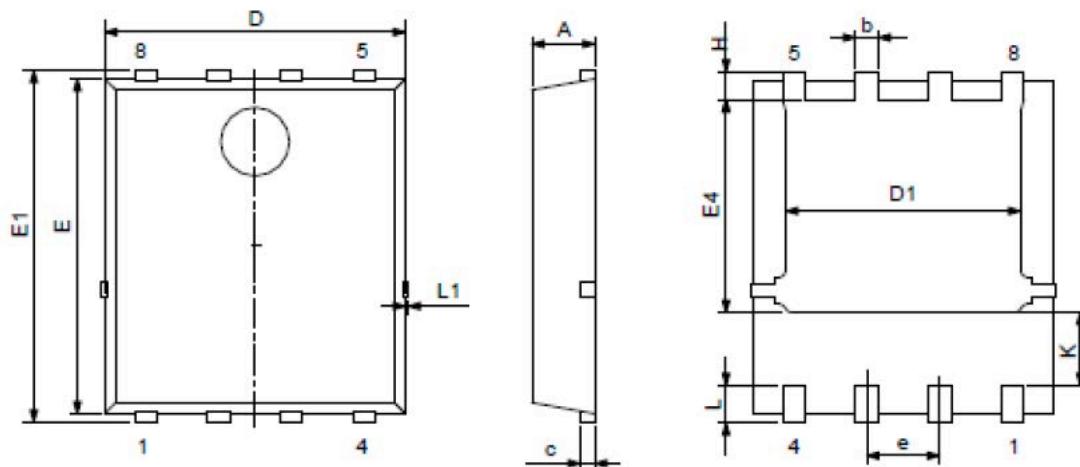


Figure 12. Power Dissipation vs.  $T_C$

### Package Outline Dimensions (PPAK5x6)



Symbol	Dimensions in Millimeters		Dimensions in Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	0.900	1.200	0.035	0.047
c	0.154	0.354	0.006	0.014
D	4.800	5.400	0.190	0.213
E	5.660	6.060	0.223	0.240
D1	3.760	4.300	0.148	0.169
E1	5.900	6.350	0.232	0.250
b	0.300	0.550	0.012	0.022
k	1.100	1.500	0.043	0.059
e	1.070	1.370	0.042	0.054
E4	3.340	3.920	0.131	0.154
L	0.300	0.710	0.012	0.028
L1	-	0.120	-	0.005
H	0.400	0.710	0.016	0.028